Standard 3 Vocabulary

1. French & Indian War – 1754-1763; Conflict between the Great Britain and France over claim to the Ohio River Valley
2. George Washington – Major of the Virginia militia who led an expedition into Ohio River Valley to fight French forces
3. Battle of Quebec – Turning point of the French & Indian War; British victory
4. Treaty of Paris 1763 – ended the French and Indian War
5. Proclamation of 1763 – Imaginary boundary created by Great Britain to prevent colonial expansion past the Appalachian Mountains
6. Navigation Act – Attempt by Great Britain to control colonial trade
7. Sam Adams – One of the founding fathers of the Sons of Liberty; American patriot
8. Sons of Liberty – American patriots who organized protests to fight for colonial rights
9. Daughters of Liberty – Group of women who protested British cloth by sewing and making clothes from colonial made cloth
10. The Stamp Act – 1765; Direct tax on all printed goods such as paper, playing cards, dice and deeds
11. Townshend Acts – 1767; Indirect tax on imported goods such as tea, paint, lead and paper in the colonies
12. Boston Massacre – British soldiers stationed in Boston fired on an unarmed group of colonists; sparked propaganda campaign against Great Britain
13. Crispus Attucks – considered the first casualty of the American Revo. War; killed during the Boston Massacre; was a half black/native American; martyr
14. Committees of Correspondence – Secret committees created by the colonies to communicate without the British knowing
15. Boston Tea Party – Sons of Liberty dressed as Native Americans snuck onto ships in Boston Harbor and dumped pounds of British Tea into the harbor
16. Intolerable Acts – In response the Boston Tea Party; Closed the Boston Harbor, placed Boston under martial law, placed a royal governor in charge of the colony and created the quartering act
17. Thomas Paine – Author of *Common Sense*
18. *Common Sense* – Pamphlet written to convince colonists to separate from Great Britain; Argued that a mother (GB) should not treat its child (colonies) that way; That an island should not rule a continent